WHAT BENEFITS ARE AVAILABLE UNDER THE ADOPTION ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT?

The Flexible Benefits Plan’s Adoption Assistance option provides reimbursement to you for the reasonable and necessary expenses that you incur in the process of legally adopting an eligible child, including adoption fees, court costs, attorney fees and related travel costs. Expenses that are not eligible for reimbursement include expenses incurred in violation of state or federal law, expenses incurred in carrying out a surrogate parenting arrangement, and expenses in connection with the adoption of a step-child. An “eligible child” is a child who has not yet reached age 18 or is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself. Also, the child must be younger than you and must be unmarried. The maximum amount of reimbursement that you may receive in connection with the adoption of any one child is $12,150 (this $12,150 will be adjusted for inflation in years after 2009). This is a total rather than an annual amount, even if the expenses occur over a period of years.

WHAT ARE THE TAX BENEFITS OF REIMBURSEMENT?

If your adjusted gross income (together with that of your Spouse if you are married and filing a joint tax return) is $182,180 (this $182,180 will be adjusted for inflation in years after 2009) or less, you can exclude from your gross income in computing your income tax liability the entire amount of adoption expense reimbursement you receive under this Plan (subject to the $12,150 cap). However, if your adjusted gross income exceeds $182,180, the portion of adoption expense reimbursement that may be excluded is reduced from $12,150 based on the following formula:

\[ \frac{\text{adjusted gross income} - \$182,180}{\$40,000} \times \$12,150 \]

If, for example, your adjusted gross income were $192,180, and you incurred $12,150 or more in expenses to adopt a child, your maximum exclusion would be $3,037.50, calculated as follows:

\[ \frac{\$10,000}{\$40,000} \times \$12,150 = \$3,037.50 \]

$12,150 total expenses-$3,037.50 pre-tax reduction = $9,112.50 of expenses that may be reimbursed pre-tax.

Generally, any amounts paid to reimburse you for eligible adoption expenses would be excluded from your income for the year of the reimbursement. However, should you adopt a child who is not a citizen or resident of the United States, all amounts reimbursed to you would be excludable from your income only in the year in which the adoption becomes final.

While the amount of your salary that is withheld to pay adoption expenses is excluded from your income in determining your income tax liability, FICA (Social Security) and FUTA (Unemployment) taxes still apply.
WHAT EFFECT WILL ELECTING THE ADOPTION ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT HAVE ON MY RIGHT TO TAKE THE ADOPTION EXPENSE TAX CREDIT ON MY TAX RETURN?

The federal tax laws also provide a tax credit (reducing federal tax liability) for adoption expenses that are not reimbursed by an employer or paid under a state or federal grant program. The maximum amount of the credit is $12,150 per adoption (subject to inflation adjustments after 2009). You may claim the credit and receive nontaxable reimbursements from an Adoption Assistance Account in connection with the same adoption, but you may not take a credit and receive reimbursement for the same expense.

DOES IT MAKE A DIFFERENCE IF THE CHILD TO BE ADOPTED IS IN THE UNITED STATES?

There is a difference between domestic (U.S.) and international adoption in terms of tax consequences. In the case of the adoption of a child who is neither a U.S. citizen nor a U.S. resident, the tax benefits of participating in the adoption assistance benefit option under the flex plan are contingent on, and deferred until, the adoption is finalized. You still make an election for a Plan Year based on your projected adoption expenses for that upcoming Plan Year, and you still are reimbursed as you have expenses within that Plan Year and submit claims for reimbursement of those expenses. At the end of the Plan Year, the total amount of adoption assistance reimbursement that you received during the Plan Year is debited from your taxable wages for income tax computation purposes as shown on your W-2, whether or not the adoption became final in that year. However, in the case of an international adoption only, when you file your federal income tax return during the adoption process (Form 1040 series), you are instructed to add back into your taxable income the amount of your adoption reimbursement benefits you received during the period covered by the return, unless that international adoption proceeding was finalized by the last day of the year. When an international adoption does become finalized, the instruction for your next federal tax return will permit you to deduct from your taxable income for that year all of the amounts that you previously had to add back into your income for prior years when the adoption was not yet final. In contrast, when the child being adopted is a US child, adoption reimbursement amounts received in a particular year are excluded from taxable income for that year whether or not the adoption was final by the end of that year.

IF I START THE ADOPTION PROCESS AFTER OPEN ENROLLMENT, DO I HAVE TO WAIT FOR THE NEXT OPEN ENROLLMENT TO SIGN UP FOR ADOPTION ASSISTANCE BENEFITS?

No. You can make a special, mid-year election for adoption assistance benefits within 30 days after you start the adoption process.

IF I MAKE AN ELECTION FOR ADOPTION ASSISTANCE BENEFITS NOW, ARE ANY OF MY EXPENSES FROM PRIOR YEARS ELIGIBLE FOR REIMBURSEMENT?

No. You can only be reimbursed for adoption expenses that you have in a year you sign up for adoption assistance benefits under the Flexible Spending Account. Also, if you make a mid-year benefit election after open enrollment, only expenses that you have after the date of that election will qualify for reimbursement.

Bear in mind, however, that the federal adoption assistance tax credit could allow you to benefit with respect to past expenses. This credit, also with a maximum of $12,150 per adoption, reduces your federal income tax liability once it has been computed on your Form 1040. The credit is taken on the tax return for the year after the year in which the expenses are incurred, and is subject to the same rule for international adoptions that applies to adoption reimbursement benefits; i.e., tax savings are deferred until the adoption is finalized.

The credit must be applied to a different set of expenses that the expenses for which you are reimbursed under the flexible benefits plan. Since the federal tax credit has greater value, the best strategy generally will be to...
make sure that you use your credit on your first expenses up to the $12,150 maximum and then elect the flex plan adoption benefit only as to expenses that will have in excess of the credit amount and, because of the "use-or-lose" rule (see below) that applies to all flexible spending account elections, only as to expenses that you are virtually certain to have.

WHAT HAPPENS IF I HAVE A LARGE ADOPTION EXPENSE THAT IS MORE THAN THE AMOUNT CREDITED TO MY ADOPTION ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT AT THE TIME?

The only funds available to reimburse adoption claims under the Flexible Benefits Plan are funds that already have been withheld from your pay based on your adoption assistance benefit election and that have not already been used to reimburse adoption expenses. If you were to submit a claim for more than the amount then credited to your adoption account, you immediately would receive your adoption assistance account balance and then, as additional money was withheld from you pay for adoption benefits and sent to P&A, it would be sent right back to you as additional benefit payments until the claim was fully paid.

This contrasts with a Medical Expense Reimbursement Account in which case, by law, Participants are entitled to reimbursement for up to their entire elected benefit amount from the first day of the Plan Year irrespective of how much has been withheld from pay to date.

WHAT HAPPENS IF I MAKE AN ELECTION OF ADOPTION ASSISTANCE BENEFITS AND THEN THE ADOPTION FALLS THROUGH?

If you had an adoption assistance election in effect for a particular Plan Year, and then the adoption was cancelled, you could stop your election including your payroll withholding contributions at that time. However, you would not be entitled to a refund of any money that remained in your adoption assistance account. You would forfeit that money.

WHAT HAPPENS IF I OVERESTIMATE MY ADOPTION EXPENSES AND HAVE MONEY LEFT OVER IN MY ADOPTION ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT AT THE END OF THE PLAN YEAR?

The use-or-lose rule requires that any money that's left over after you've been reimbursed for all of your eligible expenses during a particular plan year must be forfeited. By law, the leftover money may not be carried forward into the next Plan Year. That's why any benefit election that you decide to make should be based strictly on expenses that you are certain to have during the Plan Year covered by the election.

WHAT SUPPORTING INFORMATION MUST I SUBMIT WITH MY CLAIMS?

P&A must have evidence that you have started an adoption. This would be apparent if you submit a bill from an adoption agency or a document from a court indicating the nature of the judicial proceeding. Also, P&A must be able to see that expenses like travel costs are related to your adoption proceeding.

HOW CAN I MAKE THE BEST USE OF BOTH MY FEDERAL ADOPTION EXPENSE TAX CREDIT AND THE ADOPTION ASSISTANCE BENEFIT OPTION UNDER THE FLEXIBLE BENEFITS PLAN?

Because any election for adoption assistance benefits under this Plan should be coordinated with the use of the tax credit, the Administrator strongly recommends that you seek advice from your own tax adviser before electing benefits under the Flexible Benefits Plan.

However, a basic strategy to consider that will serve the best interests of most Plan Participants is to make sure that your federal tax credit will be fully utilized on your first set of adoption expenses up to the maximum amount before an election for adoption assistance benefits under this Plan goes into effect.
For example, assume you start an adoption in the middle of a Plan Year. At that time, you are certain to have $15,000 in adoption expenses before the end of that Plan Year. Since the credit may be applied to the first $12,150 of your expenses, the appropriate amount of benefits to elect under the Flexible Benefits Plan for the remainder of that Plan Year would be $2,850 ($15,000-$12,150).

For further questions please contact a customer service representative at (800) 688-2611. Customer service hours are Monday through Friday 8:30 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. EST.